

2 Cor. 11:31  
Who is blessed forever?

2 Cor. 11:32  
Who was guarding the  
city of the Damascenes?

2 Cor. 11:32  
Who was the governor  
of Damascus under?

2 Cor. 11:32  
The governor of Damascus  
guarded the city with  
what?

2 Cor. 11:32  
Why was the governor  
of Damascus guarding the  
city with a garrison?

2 Cor. 11:32  
What city was the  
governor guarding?

2 Cor. 11:33  
How did Paul escape  
Damascus?

2 Cor. 11:33  
Paul escaped Damascus by  
being let down in a what?

2 Cor. 11:33  
Paul escaped Damascus  
by being let down in a  
basket through a what?

2 Cor. 11:33  
Paul escaped from what?

2 Cor. 12:1  
Paul says that it is not  
profitable for him to do  
what?

2 Cor. 12:1  
What is Paul going to  
start speaking about?

2 Cor. 12:2  
How long ago was a man  
caught up to the 3<sup>rd</sup>  
heaven?

2 Cor. 12:2  
Who was caught up to  
the 3<sup>rd</sup> heaven 14 years  
ago?

2 Cor. 12:2  
When the man in Christ  
was caught up to the 3<sup>rd</sup>  
heaven, Paul did not know  
what?

Aretas the king

The governor under  
Aretas the king

The God and Father of  
our Lord Jesus Christ

The city of the  
Damascenes  
(Damascus)

He desired to arrest Paul

A garrison

Window in the wall

A basket

By being let down in a  
basket through a window  
in the wall

Visions and revelations of  
the Lord

Boast

The hands of the governor  
of Damascus

Whether in the body or  
out of the body

A man in Christ

14 years ago

2 Cor. 12:2

Where was the man in Christ caught up to?  
(Don't confuse with vs. 4)

2 Cor. 12:2

Who knows whether the man in Christ caught up to the 3<sup>rd</sup> heaven was in the body or out of the body?

2 Cor. 12:4

The man in Christ was caught up into what?  
(Don't confuse with vs. 2)

2 Cor. 12:4

When the man in Christ was caught up into Paradise, what did he hear?

2 Cor. 12:4

It is not lawful for a man to utter what?

2 Cor. 12:5

Of the man caught up into Paradise, Paul will do what?

2 Cor. 12:5

Concerning himself, Paul will not boast except in what?

2 Cor. 12:6

Paul says "I will speak" what?

2 Cor. 12:6

Paul refrains from boasting lest anyone should do what?

2 Cor. 12:7

Why was a thorn in the flesh given to Paul?

2 Cor. 12:7

What was given to Paul to keep him from being exalted above measure?

2 Cor. 12:7

Why might Paul be exalted above measure?

2 Cor. 12:7

How else does Paul describe the thorn in the flesh given to him?

2 Cor. 12:7

What buffeted Paul?

2 Cor. 12:7

Why was Paul buffeted by a messenger of Satan?

Paradise

God

The 3<sup>rd</sup> heaven

Boast

The inexpressible  
words

Inexpressible words

"Think of me above what  
he sees me to be or  
hears from me"

The truth

His infirmities

Because of the many  
revelations Paul had

A thorn in the flesh

To keep him from  
being exalted  
above measure

To keep him from being  
exalted above measure

A messenger of Satan

A messenger of Satan to  
buffet me

2 Cor. 12:8

How many times did Paul plead with the Lord that the "thorn" might depart from him?

2 Cor. 12:8

Three times Paul pleaded with the Lord for what?

2 Cor. 12:9

What did the Lord say to Paul in response to him pleading for the "thorn" to depart?

2 Cor. 12:9

The Lord told Paul that what was sufficient for Paul?

2 Cor. 12:9

The Lord told Paul that "My grace" is what?

2 Cor. 12:9

The Lord told Paul that what is made perfect in weakness?

2 Cor. 12:9

The Lord told Paul that "My strength" is made what?

2 Cor. 12:9

And He said to me, "My \_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_ for you, for My \_\_\_\_\_ is made \_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_." Therefore most gladly I will rather \_\_\_\_\_ in my \_\_\_\_\_, that the \_\_\_\_\_ of Christ may \_\_\_\_\_ upon me.

2 Cor. 12:9

Paul says that he would gladly boast in what?

2 Cor. 12:9

Paul says that he would rather boast in his infirmities, that what might rest upon him?

2 Cor. 12:9

Paul says that he would rather boast in his infirmities, that the power of Christ would do what?

2 Cor. 12:10

What does Paul say he takes pleasure in for Christ's sake?  
(5 points)

2 Cor. 12:10

Paul says that "when I am weak, then I am" what?

2 Cor. 12:10

When is Paul strong?

2 Cor. 12:10

For \_\_\_\_\_ I am \_\_\_\_\_, then I am \_\_\_\_\_

"My grace is sufficient  
for you, for My  
strength is made  
perfect in weakness."

For the "thorn" to depart  
from him

3 times

My strength

Is sufficient for Paul

My grace

My infirmities

grace, sufficient, strength,  
perfect, weakness, boast,  
infirmities, power, rest

Perfect in weakness

1. Infirmities
2. Reproaches
3. Needs
4. Persecutions
5. Distresses

Rest upon him

The power of Christ

when, weak, strong

When he is weak

Strong

2 Cor. 12:11  
Paul has become what?

2 Cor. 12:11  
Paul says that he was  
behind in nothing  
compared to who?

2 Cor. 12:11  
Paul says that he was not  
behind in comparison to the  
most eminent apostles,  
though he is what?

2 Cor. 12:12  
What were accomplished  
among the Corinthian  
brethren?

2 Cor. 12:12  
The signs of an apostle  
include what?  
(3 points)

2 Cor. 12:13  
How did the Corinthian  
church differ from other  
churches?

2 Cor. 12:13  
Paul says "Forgive me  
this wrong!" What is  
that in reference to?

2 Cor. 12:13  
What did Paul say in  
reference to him not being  
a burden to the Corinthian  
church?

2 Cor. 12:14  
Paul says he is ready to  
come to Corinth for  
which time?

2 Cor. 12:14  
Paul says that he will not  
be what to the Corinthian  
church?

2 Cor. 12:14  
When Paul visits the  
Corinthian church, he does  
not seek what?

2 Cor. 12:14  
When Paul visits the  
Corinthian church, he seeks  
what?

2 Cor. 12:14  
The children ought not to  
lay up for who?

2 Cor. 12:14  
The parents ought to  
lay up for who?

2 Cor. 12:15  
What will Paul be glad to  
do?

Nothing

The most eminent apostles

A fool in boasting

Paul was not burdensome  
to them

1. Signs
2. Wonders
3. Mighty deeds

The signs of an apostle

The third time

"Forgive me this wrong!"

The fact that he caused  
no burden to the  
Corinthian church. (He is  
teasing.)

You (the people)

Yours (their possessions)

Burdensome

"Spend and be spent for  
your souls"

The children

The parents



2 Cor. 12:15

Paul is very glad to spend  
and be spent for what?

2 Cor. 12:15

Paul says that the more  
abundantly I love you, the  
less what?

2 Cor. 12:15

And I will very gladly  
\_\_\_\_\_ and be \_\_\_\_\_ for  
your \_\_\_\_\_; though the  
more \_\_\_\_\_ I \_\_\_\_\_ you,  
the \_\_\_\_\_ I am \_\_\_\_\_.

2 Cor. 12:16

Paul says that "I caught  
you by cunning" by being  
what?

2 Cor. 12:16

Paul says "I caught you by"  
what?

2 Cor. 12:17

What question did Paul  
ask concerning those he  
sent to the Corinthian  
church?

2 Cor. 12:18

Who did Paul urge to go  
to Corinth?

2 Cor. 12:18

Who did Paul send with  
Titus?

2 Cor. 12:18

Paul's questions suggest  
that Titus did not do  
what?

2 Cor. 12:18

Paul's questions suggest  
that who did not take  
advantage of the  
Corinthian brethren?

2 Cor. 12:18

Paul's questions suggest  
that he and Titus walked  
how? (2 points)

2 Cor. 12:18

What questions did Paul  
ask? (3 points)

2 Cor. 12:19

Paul asked if "you think  
that we" what?

2 Cor. 12:19

Who do we speak before?

2 Cor. 12:19

Paul says that "we do all  
things for" what?

spend, spent,  
souls, abundantly,  
love, less, loved

I am loved

your souls

Did I take  
advantage of you  
by any of those  
whom I sent to you?

cunning

crafty

Take advantage  
of them

our brother

Titus

1. Did Titus take  
advantage of you?
2. Did we not walk in  
the same spirit?
3. Did we not walk in  
the same steps?

1. in the same  
spirit
2. in the same  
steps

Titus

your edification

God in Christ

excuse ourselves  
to you

2 Cor. 12:19  
What did Paul call those  
he wrote to?

2 Cor. 12:19  
What things did Paul  
and his fellow workers do  
for the edification of the  
Corinthians?

2 Cor. 12:20  
Paul fears lest when he  
comes to Corinth, he does  
not find the church how?

2 Cor. 12:20  
Paul fear that when he  
comes to Corinth, he finds  
what in the church?  
(8 points)

2 Cor. 12:20  
Paul fears lest when he  
come to Corinth, the  
church finds him how?

2 Cor. 12:21  
Paul is afraid when he  
comes again to the church  
in Corinth that God will do  
what?

2 Cor. 12:21  
Paul is afraid when he  
comes again to the church  
in Corinth that he will do  
what?

2 Cor. 12:21  
Paul is afraid when he  
comes again to the church  
in Corinth that he will  
mourn for who?

2 Cor. 12:21  
Paul is afraid when he  
comes again to the church  
in Corinth that he will  
mourn for many who have  
what? (2 points)

2 Cor. 12:21  
What does Paul think  
many in the church in  
Corinth have not repented  
of?  
(3 points)

2 Cor. 13:1  
Paul's visit to Corinth  
will his which time?

2 Cor. 13:1  
What quote does Paul give?

2 Cor. 13:1  
How shall every word be  
established?

2 Cor. 13:1  
How many witnesses does  
it take for every word to  
be established?

2 Cor. 13:1  
By the mouth of 2 or 3  
witnesses what will happen?

As I wish

All things

Beloved

Humble me among you

Such as you do not wish

1. contentions
2. jealousies
3. outbursts of wrath
4. selfish ambitions
5. backbitings
6. whisperings
7. conceits
8. tumults

1. Sinned before
2. Not repented

Many who have sinned  
before and have not  
repented

Mourn for many who have  
sinned before and have not  
repented

"By the mouth of 2 or 3  
witnesses every word shall  
be established"

Third time

1. Uncleaness
2. Fornication
3. Lewdness

Every word will be  
established

2 or 3

By the mouth of 2 or 3  
witnesses